

Sri S. NIJALINGAPPA.—It is a suggestion for action. The Government will certainly keep this in view and see that there is better co-ordination and the impediments in the way of speedy execution of the work will be removed.

Ores exported from the State.

*Q.—387. Sri T. MADAI AH GOWDA (Ramanagaram).—

Will the Government be pleased to state.—

- (a) which are the ores that are exported from the State ;
- (b) the quantity and the cost of each of these ores exported annually ;
- (c) what steps have been taken to improve the income from these ore exploitation and with what result ;
- (d) in how many cases ores found in the forest area and in revenue lands are permitted to be exploited ?

A.—Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN (Deputy Minister for Mines and Geology).—

(a) Iron and Manganese ores.

(b) The quantity and the cost of each of these ores exported from 1956 to 1964 are as follows.—

Year	Iron Ore		Manganese Ore	
	Quantity	Value Rs.	Quantity	Value Rs.
1956	3,18,205	19,64,875	1,39,399	41,72,796
1957	3,73,809	14,91,141	3,52,150	183,53,297
1958	7,52,998	59,43,273	2,53,444	115,09,702
1959	10,55,639	51,80,483	2,60,132	97,06,403
1960	21,32,864	108,70,235	3,32,833	124,38,953
1961	18,46,458	85,65,719	2,86,700	84,01,960
1962	24,36,374	117,85,677	2,94,863	91,89,339
1963	26,40,554	118,69,339	2,46,827	73,31,368
1964	25,83,764	137,63,147	2,58,966	70,43,650

(c) Railway, road, and port facilities are being provided with a view to reduce the cost of transport which is the biggest bottle-neck in the exploitation of ore. These facilities have very much helped the transport of ore thereby reducing the cost of transportation and increasing the profitability.

(d) Iron and manganese ores are being exploited in an area of about 17,147 hectares in the forest area of Bellary District and 8,301 hectares in the forest area of North Kanara.

In other parts of the State, leases have been granted to exploit these ores from the revenue lands to the extent of 31,618 hectares.

Sri T. MADIAH GOWDA.—May I know whether apart from iron and manganese ores there are not any other kind of ores which could be exploited and from which income could be derived ?

† **Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.**—Other ores are being exploited and income is being derived. The question is about export of minerals. So far as export is concerned, these are the major minerals we are sending outside.

Sri T. MADIAH GOWDA.—Out of these two kinds of ore, iron and manganese, what is actually the revenue derived by the State ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—We received royalty on ores exported. So far as these two minerals are concerned, our annual income comes to about Rs. 90 lakhs.

Sri K. P. GADAG.—May I know, Sir, as a result of the construction of broad gauge line between Hospet and Guntakal, what quantity of ore that was previously being exported from Karwar, Mangalore and other ports in the State is now diverted to Madras and Vizagapatam for export ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—I do not have the figures readily available. But as far as this diversion of ore to Madras Port is concerned, I think it has doubled on account of the broad gauge there.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—I wish to know whether the Government have reserved any area in these two districts for exploiting by themselves this ore or whether private operators have been issued licences to exploit them ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—Our total reserved area including these districts and covering other districts comes to about 4,060 sq. miles.

Sri SANJEEVANATH AIKALA.—Is it not a fact that a large quantity of iron ores found deposited in Agumbe Ghat ? Is it not a fact that Mysore Government have not fully exploited these areas ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—Iron ore deposits are there. But the question is what harm would be done to the forest wealth there ? Because of the valuable forests, we cannot exploit the ores.

1-30 P.M.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯನಾಯಕ್.—ಬಂದರಿಗೆ ಸಮೀಪ ಇರುವ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಬ್ಬಿಣ ಸಿಕ್ಕುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಪ್ರಾಶಸ್ತ್ಯ ಕೊಡುವುದು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲ ಅಲ್ಲವೇ, ಮತ್ತು ರಾಫದಾಯಕ್ ಅಲ್ಲವೇ ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—That is being examined. The ore contents and deposits near Kuduremukha are being examined.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಇದ್ದ ಒಂಟೆ ಚ್ರಾನ್ಸಫೋರ್ಸ್ ಮಾಡುವ ರಾಂ ಗಳನ್ನೂ ಟ್ರಕ್ಯುಗಳನ್ನೂ ಮಾರಾಟ ಮಾಡಿ ಒಂಟೆ ಚ್ರಾನ್ಸಫೋರ್ಸ್ ಮಾಡುವುದನ್ನು ಪ್ರೈವೇಟ್ ಏಜೆನ್ಸಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾ ಇದ್ದೀರಿ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಬರತಕ್ಕ ರಾಫ ಕಡಿಮೆ ಆಗಲಿಲ್ಲವೇ ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—I do not think that our profits have dwindled on account of that.

†Indicates that the speeches or remarks have not been revised by the member concerned.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—I wish to know whether there are instances where lessees have not exploited the ores in the areas given to them, neither the Government have recovered money from them nor leases have been determined ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—So far as iron ore is concerned, 140 lessees are not working. So far as manganese is concerned, about 70 lessees are not working. The Department having seen that most of the lessees are keeping their areas idle, they are issuing notices under the Act so as to make these people work within a short time, otherwise leases will be determined.

Sri T. MADIHA GOWDA.—In Bellary District and North Kanara even forest areas and revenue areas are exploited. I wish to know whether such exploitation is taking place in any other district and a survey is conducted in every district to find out whether ore available there ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—Sri, iron ore leases have been granted and work is going on in Bellary, Bijapur, Chikmagalur, Chitradurga, North Kanara, Shimoga and Tumkur districts. Extensive survey has been taken up in most of the districts.

Sri S. S. KOLKE BAIL.—In view of the heavy deposit of iron ore in Sagar Taluk and Shimoga District, have the Government recommended to Central Government to extend the Railway from Talaguppa to Bhatkal ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—We have not made any recommendation.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Before leases are determined, I want to know whether the Government have taken any steps to recover arrears from those lessees ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—So far as Iron ore is concerned. there is no amount due. So far as manganese is concerned, a sum of Rs. 25 lakhs is due from the lessees and we have given notices to them. First of all, we issue notices that they must deposit the money with the Department. If they fail, then we issue warrants against them and hand over the cases to the Deputy Commissioner so that these arrears may be recovered as revenue arrears and steps are being taken by the Deputy Commissioner against these lessees.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಪಿ. ಫಾಯಿಡ್.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 8,301 ಮೈಲಿ ವಿಸ್ತೀರ್ಣ ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಬ್ಬಿಣ ಮತ್ತು ಮ್ಯಾಂಗನೀಸ್ ಅದುರು ತೆಗೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇರಳವಾಗಿ ಅದುರು ಸಿಕ್ಕುವುದರಿಂದ ಮತ್ತು ಆ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ತಾಳಗುಪ್ಪೆಗೆ ಬಹಳ ಸಮೀಪ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ರಸ್ತೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಅದುರು ಸಾಗಿಸುವ ಖರ್ಚು ಕಡಿಮೆ ಬೀಳುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—It is true. In North Kanara we have large deposits. But the thing is Karwar Port will have to be developed to take the large quantities of ores from these areas. Another thing is from different mining areas, roads will have to be developed up to Karwar Port. We are taking all necessary steps that should be taken.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ.—ಕಬ್ಬಿಣ ಮತ್ತು ಮ್ಯಾಂಗನೀಸ್ ಅದುರನ್ನು ಎಕ್ಸ್ ಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡುವುದನ್ನು ನ್ಯಾಷನಲೈಸ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏನಾದರೂ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಯೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ ?

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಯಾವ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ನ್ಯಾಷನಲೈಸ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು? Is it the State Government that has to nationalise or the Central Government?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ.—ರೈನಸ್ ಕೊಡುವುದು ಯಾವ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು?

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ರೈನಸ್ ಕೊಡುವ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರಗಳಿಗೆ ಇದ್ದರೆ, ನ್ಯಾಷನಲೈಸ್ ಮಾಡುವ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಇಲ್ಲ. ತಮ್ಮ ಏರಿಯಾದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಅದುರನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ ಯಾರಿಗೂ ಕೊಡುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಬಹುದು. ನ್ಯಾಷನಲೈಸ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಎಂದರೆ ಏನು!

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—At present the Metals and Minerals Trading Corporation, a Government of India undertaking is channelising all the exports of iron ore. All the lessees and Government and agencies sell their ore to M. M. T. C. and they send it outside. So far as manganese is concerned from January this year, they have taken up the export of manganese also. So more or less it is nationalised.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಿ. ರೇವಣ್ಣ ಸಿದ್ದಪ್ಪ.—ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಉಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಕಬ್ಬಿಣ ಅದುರುಗಳು ಯಾವಯಾವ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕುತ್ತವೆಯೋ ಅಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಕಬ್ಬಿಣ ಮತ್ತು ಉಕ್ಕಿನ ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ಪಣ್ಡದೋ, ದೊಡ್ಡದೋ ಹಾಕಿ ಆ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಜನರಿಗೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಸಿಗುವಂತೆ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—For that we require so many things, capital, high grade of ore, water, coal, etc. All these things will have to be looked into before we take up any industry to exploit fully the ores available there.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯನಾಯಕ್.—ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಬಂದರಿಗೆ ಅತಿ ಸಮೀಪದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಕರ್ಯಾಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಅದುರನ್ನು ಪ್ರೈವೇಟ್ ಕಂಪನಿಯವರು ವಹಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಅದನ್ನು ಬಿಡಲಿಕ್ಕೆ ಏನು ಕಾರಣ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—We can take up only those areas which are under our control. The areas for which leases have been granted are left to the lessees to exploit the minerals. So far as Mangalore is concerned, we are taking up the area which has good potentialities and within a year or two we will enter into agreement with the companies to exploit the ores available fully.

Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTHY.—In answer to (b) you have given the cost of production of the ores exported. Is the Government realising in the shape of revenue from private lessees who are exploiting the minerals? If not why they should not levy on them as is done in other States and other countries?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—We are levying royalty at the rate of one rupee per ton of iron ore.

Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTHY.—For leasing mining rights to private parties, is there another head under which they are charged?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—When they are sub-leased to others, no royalty is being recovered because under the Act it is forbidden.

Mr SPEAKER.—Under the terms of the lease if a person who has obtained a licence or lease does not work, some dead rent is charged. If the Member asks a general question as to what are the details of leases, how can it be answered?

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—You were pleased to say that you are going to get Rs. 90 lakhs. During 1964 the value of Iron Ore and Manganese ore exported is nearly Rs. 2 crores. It is not even 50 per cent profit. Is it a wise business ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—This is the value of the ore that has been exported. We are levying royalty on the tonnage of 25,83,764 and 70,42,650.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ.—ಈಗ ಕೊಡಚಾದ್ರಿ ವರಿಯಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಅದುರು ನಿಕ್ಷುಪ್ತವೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅದನ್ನು ಸಾಗಾಣಿಕೆ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕುಂದಾಪುರ ಬಂದರನ್ನು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಗೊಳಿಸುವುದು, ರೋಡ್‌ವೇ ಹಾಕತಕ್ಕ ಕೆಲಸದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಏನು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—There was a proposal under consideration and it is still under consideration. But, recent investigations in Kodachadri area have shown that the behaviour of the ore is indifferent and it is very flaky, and therefore, we have not been able to boost up the production there. These are the things that have come in our way.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ಇಷ್ಟು ಅಜಗಡಾಂತರ ರಾಧ ಇರುವಾಗ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ವರೇ ಈ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಬರತಕ್ಕ ಆದಾಯವನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಖಜಾನೆಗೆ ಏಕೆ ಕುಂಬದಾರದು ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—So far as the private lessees are concerned, they will have to be given an opportunity and we are entitled only to recover the royalty. As far as the Board of Mineral Development is concerned, we are trying to exploit the different areas and get as much profit as possible.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಪಿ. ಫಾಯುವೆ.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ಎರ್ರಾಪುರದ ತಗ್ಗುಡಿ ವರಿಯಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೈಗ್ರೇಡ್ ಒರ್ ನಿಕ್ಷುಪ್ತವೆ ಎಂಬುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri MAQSOOD ALI KHAN.—It was reported that high-grade manganese ore is available in Taggudi area and the Board of Mineral Development gave contracts to certain mine owners, who worked for about a year and later on failed. So, at present, no works are going on there.

Travellers Bungalow at Belur.

*Q.—418. **Sri B. H. LAKSHMANAIAH (Belur).**—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) whether they are aware that there is no sufficient accommodation for tourists in the present T.B. at Belur and tourists are put to inconveniences thereby ;

(b) whether any estimate has been prepared for the construction of a new T.B. in the said place as per instructions of the Central Government ;

(c) if so, why the work has not been taken up so far ?